ATTACHMENT 71

Tobey, Kelly J. March 20, 2014

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE: PROCESSED EGG PRODUCTS

ANTITRUST LITIGATION MDL NO. 2002

_____ 08-md-02002

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL

VIDEO DEPOSITION OF KELLY J. TOBEY

Taken at 2510 Capital Avenue, SW

Battle Creek, Michigan

Commencing at 8:35 a.m.

Thursday, March 20, 2014

Before Trisha Cameron, RPR, CSR-6175

Henderson Legal Services, Inc.

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

2 (Pages 2 to 5)

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| APPEARANCES: MR. RICHARD CAMPBELL MS. SARAH ANSARI Jenner & Block 5 353 North Clark Street Chicago, Illinois 60654 (312) 923-2818 E-mail: rcampbell@jenner.com Appearing on behalf of The Kellogg Company. MR. WILLIAM GREENE Stinson, Leonard, Street, L.L.P. 13 150 South Fifth Street Suite 2300 Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402 (612) 335-1500 E-mail: william.greene@stinsonleonard.com Appearing on behalf of Michael Foods. ALSO PRESENT: Mark Myers, videographer. | Battle Creek, Michigan March 20, 2014 About 8:35 a.m. * * * * VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now on the record. This is the videotaped deposition of Kelly Tobey being taken in Battle Creek, Michigan. Today is Thursday, March 20th, 2014. The time is now 8:35 a.m. And at this time, will the attorneys please state their appearances for the record, and the court reporter please swear in the witness. MR. GREENE: William Greene, G-r-e-e-n-e, of the law firm of Stinson Leonard Street. Counsel for Defendant Michael Foods. MS. ANSARI: Sarah Ansari of Jenner & Block, LLP, on behalf of Kellogg and the deponent. MR. CAMPBELL: Richard Campbell, Jenner & Block, on behalf of Kellogg. * * * * KELLY J. TOBEY, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows: * * * |
| 1 INDEX 2 WITNESS: PAGE 3 KELLY J. TOBEY 4 Examination by Mr. Greene 5 5 Examination by Ms. Ansari 71 6 Further Examination by Mr. Greene 75 8 9 EXHIBITS 10 Exhibit 1 50 11 Exhibit 2 69 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 | EXAMINATION BY MR. GREENE: Q. Good morning, Ms. Tobey. We had a chance to meet just before the deposition. But once again, I'm William Greene. I'm going to be taking your deposition today. I'm sure Ms. Ansari and Mr. Campbell explained the procedure, but I'm just going to go over it very briefly. I'm going to be asking you questions this morning and asking you to respond. The court reporter is going to be taking down everything we both say. So it will be important for you to give an audible response. You can't not just a nod of the head. Is that okay? A. That's okay, yes. Q. And it's important for her benefit that we not talk over each other. I will try and not interrupt you, and it would be best for you to just wait for the end of the question to start talking so we're not talking over each other. Okay? A. Okay. Q. I will try and make my questions as clear as I can. Sometimes I won't be entirely successful. So if you don't understand a question, if anything is confusing, please just let me know, and I'll do my best to rephrase the question. Okay? |

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

3 (Pages 6 to 9)

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| | 6 | 8 |
| ¹ A. | Okay. | ¹ Q. Okay. |
| ² Q. | If you do answer a question, I'm going to assume that | ² A. It was my first with |
| 3 | you understood the question; is that fair? | ³ Q. With Kellogg? |
| 4 A . | That's fair, yes. | ⁴ A. Right. |
| II _ | Okay. If you need or want a break at any point, just | ⁵ Q. Let's back up then. And tell me about your first |
| | let us know. We'll be glad to take a break. We take | employment position, first job. |
| II _ | breaks from time to time in any event. But if you want | 7 A. First job like out of high school? |
| II | a break, let us know. I would just ask if a question | 8 Q. Yeah. I'm not interested in sort of part-time jobs |
| II . | is pending, go ahead and complete the answer to the | while you were in high school. But the maybe the |
| | question before we take the break. Okay? | first post-high school job. |
| II | Okay. | A. Okay. I was a manager of a Hickory Farms retail store. |
| | All right. Is there any reason why you can't give full | ¹² Q. And when did you have that position? |
| II | and complete testimony this morning? | A. That was from about '89 until I'm guessing it would |
| II | No. | have been around '94, '95. |
| II | All right. Could you please state and spell your name | ¹⁵ Q. All right. And what did you do after Hickory Farms? |
| Q. | for the record. | A. I worked for M-66 Auto Body as an office manager. |
| | Yep. Kelly, K-E-L-L-Y, Tobey, T-O-B-E-Y. | Q. What's the name of the company? |
| Α. | What is your address? | A. M-66 Auto Body. 18 |
| □ | 191 Bansill Drive, B-A-N-S-I-L-L. That's here in | 19 Q. Where is that? |
| I ~. | · | 20 A. Here in Battle Creek. |
| | Battle Creek. | A. Here in Dattie Greek. |
| ų. | And where are you employed? | Q. And over what time did you have that position: |
| Α. | Kellogg Company. | A. That would have been 35 probably until about 36, 37, |
| □ | What's your business address? | 30. |
| ^. | It's 4 East Hamlin Avenue. | Q. Okay. And what did you do after that: |
| 1 Q. | In Battle Creek? | A. After that, I was doing some temp positions at Kellogg |
| | 7 | 9 |
| 1 A | In Battle Creek, yes. | Company through Employment Group. |
| II | What is your current position with the Kellogg Company? | ² Q. And where at Kellogg were you temping? |
| II | Director of quality supplier management. | A. I was in a couple different departments. Strategy |
| 1 | How long have you had that position? | development was one of them, and then procurement was |
| | That position just for a couple of months. | one of them. |
| | All right. When did you first start working at | Grading of them. 6 Q. And in procurement, who did you work for? |
| II | Kellogg? | 7 A. Charles Vaughn. |
| | In 1999. | Q. Okay. So what did you do after the Kellogg temp |
| ^- | Have you been working at Kellogg continuously since | 9 positions? |
| □ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | have you been working at Kellogg continuously since 1999? | A. I was hired into the position I was temping in. That |
| 1 | | 11 was my first Kellogg role. |
| ^. | Yes, I have. All right. Can we can I get your educational | was my mist kenogg role. |
| ■ | 5 . | Q. And what was your mist was it a full-time job: |
| II * | background starting with after high school? | 7.1. 100. |
| ^. | Uh-huh. Yep. I have a bachelor's degree from Sienna | Q. What was your motival allo job at rollogg. |
| ll ' | Heights University. | A. Administrative assistant for packaging productions. |
| Q. | Where is that located? | Q. mats 1999: |
| II | In Adrian, Michigan. | A. Yes. |
| | And when did you receive that degree? | Q. And you said you got your bachelor's degree in 2001? |
| | That was in 2001. | ¹⁹ A. Yes. |
| | So you started working at Kellogg's before you | Q. So were you going to school at the same time you were |
| 11 | graduated from college? | ²¹ working at Kellogg? |
| II | Yes. | A. Yes. I already had two associate's degrees prior to |
| | Was the Kellogg's position, the one you got in 1999, | temping, starting my temp position. And I had gone |
| 1 | your first employment position? | back to Sienna Heights and started my bachelor's degree |
| ²⁵ A. | No. | prior to being hired by Kellogg. |
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Henderson Legal Services, Inc.

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

4 (Pages 10 to 13)

| | 10 | 12 |
|----|---|---|
| 1 | Q. Okay. What were your associate's degrees in? | associate buyer? |
| 2 | A. Management and accounting. | ² A. Probably about a year and a half or so. I was in |
| 3 | Q. Where did you earn them, those degrees? | procurement up until 2012, fall of 2012. So I was in |
| 4 | A. Through Kellogg Community College. | raw material procurement for that time. So a period of |
| 5 | Q. What were your responsibilities as administrative | about twelve years. And I had various positions within |
| 6 | assistant for packaging procurement? | the raw material procurement team. |
| 7 | A. Schedule meetings. I would review documentation for | ⁷ Q. Okay. So the I'm trying the position that you |
| 8 | the packaging buyers. I mean, there was various things | started in January of 2002 |
| 9 | they would ask me to do. There was some invoices I | 9 A. Uh-huh. |
| 10 | would work on. | Q were you in that position for about a year and a |
| 11 | Q. And what does in packaging procurement, what does | 11 half? |
| 12 | that department buy? | 12 A. Yes. |
| 13 | A. So packaging that would go cartons, cases, liners | Q. So into the middle of 2003? |
| 14 | for the food. | A. Uh-huh. Yes. |
| 15 | Q. Okay. Would that be things like corrugated boxes? | Q. What were your responsibilities in that position? |
| 16 | A. Yes. Yep. | A. I was a buyer, and I had categories of chemicals and |
| 17 | • | conditioners, some of our blends. And then I took on |
| 18 | I don't know. I may have asked. But how long were you in the position of administrative assistant for | eggs during that time, egg portfolio. |
| 19 | | eggs during that time, egg portrollo. 19 Q. What are blends? |
| 20 | packaging procurement? | Q. What are pienus: |
| 21 | A. About nine months. Q. So still in 1999 or 2000? | A. Dienus would be law materials that are bienued |
| 22 | | together, and then we buy what 5 called a pre-linx. |
| 23 | A. That would have gone into 2000. | Q. Can you give me an example of a blenu: |
| 24 | Q. 2000? | A. 103. If we have spices put together and then they to |
| 25 | A. Uh-huh. | added as a topical seasoning to a cracker, that would |
| | Q. And what was your next position at Kellogg's? | be a spice blend. We had sweet blends, vitamin blends. |
| | 11 | 12 |
| | 11 | 13 |
| 1 | A. It was price coordinator for packaging procurement. | ¹ Q. I think you said you took on eggs at some point. When |
| 2 | Q. What did you do as price coordinator for packaging | did eggs become part of your responsibility? |
| 3 | procurement? | ³ A. To the best of my recollection, it was in the late |
| 4 | A. So I worked with the buyers. I would set up purchase | summer or early fall of 2002. |
| 5 | orders for them. I would enter them into the system. | Q. And how long did your responsibilities include egg |
| 6 | If invoices came in and they didn't match the prices on | ⁶ purchasing? |
| 7 | the purchase orders, I would work to resolve those | A. Again, to the best of my recollection, it was about a |
| 8 | discrepancies. | year. I think until late 2003. It could have been |
| 9 | Q. Who was your supervisor in that position? | ⁹ early 2004. |
| 10 | A. Lisa VanFulpen. | Q. So I want to see if I understand correctly. You had |
| 11 | Q. Can you spell the last name? | some involvement with egg purchasing from late summer |
| 12 | A. V-A-N, and I think it's capital F-U-L-P-E-N, to the | early fall of 2002 until late 2003 or early 2004? |
| 13 | best of my recollection. | ¹³ A. Yes. |
| 14 | Q. How long were you in that position? | Q. So to the best of your recollection, a year and a half |
| 15 | A. About a year. | or less? |
| 16 | Q. So does that bring us into 2001? | 16 A. Uh-huh. Yes. |
| 17 | A. Yes. Yeah, 2001. Probably a little over a year | Q. All right. I want to complete your work history at |
| 18 | because my next position started in January of 2002. | Kellogg, and then we'll come back. While during |
| 19 | Q. What position did you start in January of 2002? | that period when you were purchasing eggs, were you |
| 20 | A. I was raw material associate buyer. | did you also have chemicals, conditioners, and blends |
| 21 | Q. Who was your supervisor? | throughout that period? |
| 22 | A. Shelly VanTreeck. | ²² A. Yes. |
| 23 | Q. Can you spell that one. | Q. During the period when you were purchasing eggs, were |
| 24 | A. Yep. V-A-N, capital T-R-E-E-C-K. | there any other products you were purchasing other than |
| 25 | Q. How long were you in the position of raw material | those? |
| | | |

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

5 (Pages 14 to 17)

14 16 A. Not that I recall. Q. All right. At the point when you stopped being Q. All right. And who was supervising you when you were involved in purchasing eggs, did you take on a new buyer in 2004? A. Could have been Christine Wentworth. Could have been A. I can't remember exactly when I went from associate Shelly VanTreeck. buyer to buyer, but my categories did change. Q. So what was your next position or -- withdrawn. In Q. Okay. What's the difference between associate buyer your progression at Kellogg's from that point, are you getting new positions or are you simply changing the A. It's just progression in -- progression in learning portfolio of products you're buying? A. Both occurred. 11 Q. When you were an associate buyer and you were involved 11 Q. Okav. Well. let's talk about both then. 12 in eggs, was there anybody else at Kellogg's who was 12 A. Okay. 13 involved in purchasing eggs? 13 Q. What was the next change in your employment at 14 14 Kellogg's either in your position or in the products 15 Q. When you were an associate buyer involved in purchasing 15 you were buying? 16 eggs, who was your supervisor? 16 A. In the products I was buying they changed pretty often. 17 A. Shelly VanTreeck. 17 I would change every usually six to nine months 18 Q. Okay. And she was your supervisor throughout the time 18 depending on what was going on with our team. 19 that you purchased eggs? 19 Q. Was that common within procurement at Kellogg's? 20 A. Well, she was -- I believe there was a change, and A. Yes, it was common. Christine Wentworth was also -- she was -- both of them 21 Q. To change people frequently? 22 were my managers, and I don't remember the exact 22 A. Right. Change roles, change categories that were being 23 timeframe but --23 24 Q. Okay. So did you become a buyer as distinguished from 24 Q. Did anyone at Kellogg's ever explain the rationale for an associate buyer in late 2003, early 2004? 25 changing people frequently? 15 17 A. Well, I don't know that anybody explained the A. Yes. Q. And when you became a buyer as opposed to associate rationale. buyer, did you stop being involved in eggs? Q. Do you have some understanding of the rationale? A. Yes. It could depend if there were changes in A. I don't know if that was the exact time it changed. I know my categories did change in 2004. personnel. If there were -- you know, if someone came Q. Okay. So may or may not have coincided with you in with a background in a different commodity, then we'd want to make that change. Progression in the becoming a buyer? role, you could take on something that was more A. Correct. Q. When did your categories change? strategic or more difficult. 10 A. 2004. I remember taking on the fruit category. Q. Okay. So what was the next -- what was your next 11 Q. In 2004 you stopped purchasing eggs? progression at Kellogg's after you were buying fruit in 12 12 A. Yes. the 2004 period? 13 13 Q. Correct? A. As for my next position? 14 14 15 15 Q. And you started purchasing fruit? A. Next position would have been senior manager. 16 Q. When did you take that position? 17 17 Q. What does purchasing fruit entail? Are you purchasing A. In 2004. No. 2009. 18 Q. In 2009? 19 A. No. We have freeze dried fruit. We have fruit purees A. 2009. 20 that go in the fillings. We have some fruit pieces. Q. So between 2004 and 2009 you were a buyer? 21 So various different types of fruits. 22 Q. But you weren't buying perishable fruits? Q. Let's talk about the products you went through during 23 23 that period. Were you fruit throughout 2004 through 24 Q. And at this point or at some point you got the title of 2009? buyer?

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

6 (Pages 18 to 21)

18 20 Q. So after fruit, what did you buy? in 2002, Margie Secander was the -- that was senior A. I had fruit. I had wheat and flour for a period of director of the raw material team. time. I had soy. I had flavors. We have about -- to Q. The position that John Wolf would later occupy? A. Yes. give you context, we have about 36 different material categories. Over the course of my time in procurement, Q. You're not sure when you were an egg buyer if John Wolf I managed about two-thirds of those, and a couple of was in that position or not? them more -- I had the vitamin portfolio two different A. I don't recall that he was. But there was a change with Margie, I believe it was late 2002. Q. When you say 36 different categories, would eggs be one Q. What did you do for Kellogg's after you were senior 10 10 11 11 A. After senior manager in 2012 I moved into the quality 12 12 Q. And you at one point or another, you handled close to supplier management team as a technical manager. 13 13 two-thirds of the categories? Q. What does the quality supplier management team do? 14 14 A. We have oversight over approving suppliers and raw 15 15 Q. All right. You became a senior manager in 2009? materials for -- well, suppliers and raw materials. So 16 16 it's all on the raw material side. A. Yes. 17 Q. I think you used the term technical manager. Q. And what was the -- what were your responsibilities in 18 that position? A. Uh-huh. 19 19 A. So my responsibilities, I still had a couple categories Q. What does that mean? 20 20 I was managing, and I also became a people manager. A. It's pretty much the same as a senior manager. It's a 21 Q. Still had a couple categories of buying? technical manager. We're in the research and 22 22 development building. It's just different terminology 23 Q. Were you still involved in procurement? 23 they use. 24 A. Yes. 24 Q. Who do you work with in the quality supplier management 25 25 Q. As far as managing people, what did that entail? team? 19 21 A. That entailed writing development reviews. And I had A. I report into Ann Barea, B-A-R-E-A. started out with two people that were reporting to me. Q. Okay. And what is her position? So I had accountability to make sure that they were A. She is senior director, quality supplier management. meeting their objectives and purchasing, signing off on Q. And does quality supply management cover all 36 the contracts they were committing to. categories? Q. Did you have responsibility over still a particular set A. Yes. Q. Are the people in quality -- are there people in of products? A. I did personally. So I was managing a vitamin category quality supply management who have technical or at that time. And then my direct reports would have scientific backgrounds? 10 various categories. So I would have oversight on all A. Yes. 11 11 Q. I think you mentioned research and development. Are those. 12 12 Q. Okay. Who did you report to when you were a senior there research and development people who work in 13 13 manager in 2009? quality supply management? 14 14 A. John Wolf. A. No. 15 15 Q. Was that the first time you reported to John Wolf? Q. They're separate? 16 16 17 17 Q. Had you worked with Mr. Wolf in any capacity before Q. But there are some technical or scientific personnel 18 18 2009? who work in quality supply management? 19 19 A. Yes. He was the director of the raw material team. So 20 that's who Shelly VanTreeck and Christine Wentworth Q. What do the technical or scientific people do? 21 A. They are the actual QIM, so quality ingredient reported to. 22 22 Q. So when you were buying eggs, he was a level above your managers. And they would write specifications and do 23 supplier approvals. And then manage questions --A. At that time -- I'm trying to remember when John came technical questions that come from plants or suppliers. 25

into his role because when I was first hired by Shelly

Q. What does it mean to write specifications?

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

7 (Pages 22 to 25)

22 24 A. To develop a specification for a raw material. before you took the position? Q. Can you explain what does that mean, to develop a A. I don't remember exactly. I do remember when we specification for raw material. purchased Keebler and we had folks in both A. So based on parameters we have from quality, organizations that were buying the same commodities. functionality, and food safety, we would put those that they were working on putting those together. So parameters into the spec and then review that with the that would have been part of our normal process. supplier, make sure we have agreement and alignment. Q. Let me clear up one thing at the outset because we used Q. I have in 2012 you joined the quality supply management the term eggs. When you were involved in purchasing team as a technical manager, correct? during this year and a half period, did Kellogg's ever 10 10 11 11 Q. And is that your position today? A. Buy shell eggs? We bought -- no. 12 12 A. No. Today I'm director of quality supplier management. Q. Right. We're going to talk about egg products. 13 13 So that change was effective January 1st. A. Right. 14 Q. But I'm specifically focusing on eggs in the shell. Q. Of 2014? 15 A. Yes. A. Okav. 16 16 Q. Oh, congratulations. Q. Did Kellogg's buy eggs -- buy shell eggs? 17 A. Thank you. 18 Q. To your knowledge, has Kellogg's ever purchased shell Q. And so we're current? 19 19 A. Yes. eggs? 20 20 Q. All right. Let's go back to the position that involved A. Not to my knowledge. 21 eggs. Let's see if I can find it. If I -- if my notes Q. Okay. So I'm going to try and use the term egg 22 are correct, we're dealing with a period of a year and 22 products. But from this point on, if we're referring 23 23 a half or less. to eggs, we're not talking about shell eggs; is that 24 A. Yes. 24 25 Q. Okay. From late summer early fall of 2002, to late A. Yes, that's fair. 23 25 2003 or early 2004, correct? Q. When you started in your position involving the A. Correct. Yep. purchase of egg products, what were the egg products Q. And at that point you were an associate buyer; is that that Kellogg's purchased? A. We purchased liquid whole eggs, dried whole eggs, and right? A. Yes. dried egg whites or powdered egg whites. Q. Was that true throughout the time that you were Q. Do you use dried or powdered interchangeably, is that involved in eggs? the same term? A. Yes. A. Yes. Q. Prior to the period when you started working on buying Q. So those three. I've got liquid whole eggs, dried whole eggs, and dried or powdered egg whites. eggs for Kellogg's, did you have any background involving eggs? 12 12 A. No. Q. Okay. Anything else? 13 13 Q. When you took on that responsibility regarding eggs, A. Not to my recollection. 14 14 did you get any training involving eggs? Q. Okay. What Kellogg's products were the liquid whole 15 15 A. I'm sure I did. I don't remember exactly. I can't eggs used to make? 16 16 give you specifics on what that would have entailed. A. Eggos. 17 17 Q. Do you remember who trained you? Q. Eggo waffles? 18 A. I believe it was Kim Caldarone who had eggs prior to A. Yes. 19 19 myself. She was with -- she was with the Keebler Q. Anything else? 20 A. Not to my recollection, no. company when we acquired Keebler. 21 Q. When was that -- when did that acquisition occur? Q. And where are the Eggo waffles -- where were the Eggo 22 A. That was in late 2001. waffles made? 23 Q. Was Kellogg's buying eggs before that? A. I believe it went into two. It would have been Blue Anchor, New Jersey, and Rossville, Tennessee. Q. What Kellogg's products were the dried whole eggs used Q. Was Kim Caldarone buying already the eggs for Kellogg's

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

8 (Pages 26 to 29)

| | 6 (1 ages 20 to 29) |
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| 26 | 28 |
| ¹ to make? | ¹ MS. ANSARI: Okay. |
| ² A. It would have gone into Eggo waffles as well in a | MR. GREENE: I have |
| 3 couple of the plants and some of the cookies from | 3 MS. ANSARI: Sorry. We just |
| 4 Keebler. | 4 MR. CAMPBELL: We have many of them but not |
| ⁵ Q. Were the dried whole eggs used to make any other | ⁵ all. |
| ⁶ products? | 6 MR. GREENE: I have an extra set from |
| 7 A. Not to my recollection. | yesterday. So I'll use my notebook. |
| ⁸ Q. Where are the you said where the Eggo waffles were | 8 MS. ANSARI: Thank you very much. Thank you. |
| 9 made. Where were the cookies made? | 9 BY MR. GREENE: |
| ¹⁰ A. There were several different several different | Q. Now, Neal Exhibit 10 is a document bates numbered |
| ¹¹ plants. | 11 KEL00017901 to 17902. The bates number KEL, Ms. Tobey, |
| ¹² Q. Can you to the best of your recollection, can you | it means it was produced by Kellogg's. |
| list those plants? | ¹³ A. Okay. |
| ¹⁴ A. Charlotte, North Carolina; Florence, Kentucky; Augusta, | Q. And this is an e-mail string that I think all of the |
| 15 Georgia; Grand Rapids, Michigan. | e-mails are occurring January 6th, 2003. |
| Q. All right. And were the dried whole eggs used to make | ¹⁶ A. Okay. |
| any products other than the Eggo waffles or the | Q. There are it looks like four of them. And at this |
| 18 cookies? | point, January in 2003, you were an associate buyer |
| 19 A. Not to my recollection. | involved in eggs? |
| ²⁰ Q. And the final category, the dried egg whites. | ²⁰ A. Yes. |
| ²¹ A. Uh-huh. | Q. Okay. I wonder if you can identify some of the people |
| ²² Q. What Kellogg's products were the dried egg whites used | who are in this correspondence. There's a reference to |
| 23 to make? | Trudy Cravens. |
| A. Those went into our veggie foods in our Zanesville, | ²⁴ A. Uh-huh. |
| Ohio, plants. | ²⁵ Q. Who was Trudy Cravens? |
| Q. When you say the "veggie foods," what do you mean? A. Worthington Foods and MorningStar Farms are the brands. Q. And can you just elaborate? When you say veggie foods, | A. Trudy Cravens, I don't recollect what her position was. I know she was at the plant in Zanesville or Worthington. |
| what kind of foods are we talking about? | Q. Do you use those two, Zanesville or Worthington, |
| 5 A. They're meat substitute products. | interchangeably because they work so closely together? |
| ⁶ Q. And are they all made at the time you were buying, | ⁶ A. Yes, I do. Uh-huh. |
| were they all made in Zanesville, Ohio? | Q. But you don't recall anything else about her position? |
| ⁸ A. Yes. Well, yes. And then we had a couple | 8 A. No. |
| ⁹ co-manufacturers. But I believe all the egg whites | ⁹ Q. Okay. And there's a there is a reference to Kurt |
| 10 went to Zanesville. | Plouse. I don't know if I'm pronouncing it correctly. |
| ¹¹ Q. Do you recognize a plant location called Worthington? | P-L-O-U-S-E. |
| 12 A. Yes. | 12 A. Uh-huh. |
| Q. Were there any egg products that were ordered for the | Q. Who was Mr. Plouse? |
| ¹⁴ Worthington location? | A. I don't recall what his position was. |
| ¹⁵ A. They could have gone there. Worthington was in | Q. Now, if you look at the correspondence and with these |
| Dearborn, Ohio. So it's close to the Zanesville plant. | e-mails, I usually assume the last comes first. |
| And they did some pre-blends there. So the egg whites | ¹⁷ A. Yes. |
| could have been part of a pre-mix that they would have | ¹⁸ Q. So I'm going to the second page at the bottom. |
| put together. That would have been for the same | 19 A. Uh-huh. |
| finished food. It would have been for the Worthington | Q. You write to Ms. Cravens, we're currently bidding out |
| ²¹ products, MorningStar Farms. | our egg business for 2003. I sent out a request for |
| Q. Let me ask you to take a look at Neal Exhibit 10. | information and received a question on specification |
| MR. CAMPBELL: I don't think we have it. | number, and it includes a number. Do you see that? |
| Show us which one that is, Bill. | A. Yes, I do. |
| | |
| MR. GREENE: It's this one right here. | ²⁵ Q. And then below where it says thanks, Kelly, you wrote |

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

9 (Pages 30 to 33)

30 32 my question regarding specification No. 109110 pertains Q. And the question is then it appears to be passed from to the gel strength (listed in chemical properties) as Trudy to Kurt Plouse. Is that how you read this? to if less than 300 is a correct statement, question Q. And then Kurt Plouse offers what looks to me like a mark. Also, if gel strength is a requirement for the Certificate of Analysis, what is the preferred method more technical answer. Do you see that? of testing for gel strength, or is a specific lab used A. Yes, I do. for that testing. Do you see that? Q. Which from that would you conclude that Kurt Plouse has some kind of technical position? Q. Can you explain what you were asking in this e-mail? A. Yes. I would. A. To the best of my recollection, that bottom paragraph 10 Q. All right. And he writes yes, less than 300 is the would have been taken directly from a question a 11 specification, as it is a test that measures the drop 12 supplier sent to me. So I would have just copied and 12 of a penetrometer --13 pasted that here for Trudy to respond to. A. Uh-huh. 14 Q. Did you have some independent understanding of what the 14 Q. -- cone into an egg gel. The less the penetration, the 15 -- what the supplier was asking? 15 stronger the gel. This is an in-house method developed 16 A. Yes. Gel strengths would be critical in our process to 16 in Worthington many years ago and cannot be related to 17 hold veggie patties together. So it's a critical 17 other gel strength methods by other labs. What does 18 parameter of the eggs. 18 that mean? 19 Q. Can you explain that a little bit. First, let's talk 19 A. It means that any standard -- or I take it to mean any 20 about the product. 20 other standard lab analysis that would be commonly done 21 A. Yep. 21 for eggs, this test that was done at Worthington was 22 Q. These are -- what is a veggie patty? 22 different. So it couldn't be replicated in a standard 23 A. Veggie patty is a soy based -- so it's a meet 23 24 substitute patty. So it's based of soy. And to get 24 Q. So it wouldn't be sufficient for Kellogg's to know that 25 the properties -- to get the product to bind together, 25 a -- that an egg product had satisfied some other 33 you need some type of binder. So in this product, egg commercial standard, correct? white was the binder used or one of the binders used. A. Without -- without doing this type of test, right? Q. In order to make sure the product would work for Q. So just so I'm -- let's see if I can understand it in a little less technical way. You're trying to get soy to Kellogg's, it would have to pass the Kellogg's specific function a little bit more like a hamburger or other kind of patty? A. Yes. A. Uh-huh. Q. All right. A. And I'd say unless that type of test could be Q. Is that right? replicated by another -- by another lab analysis. A. Yes. 10 Q. All right. And what Mr. Plouse is saying is at least Q. And in order to do that, you need the ingredients that 11 11 you're using to help bind the product together? at this stage, it cannot be related to other gel 12 12 strength methods by other labs. 13 13 Q. Okay. And egg whites were used to make that binding A. Yes. 14 14 possible? Q. Okay. 15 15 A. Yes. 16 16 Q. That is for Kellogg's -- for Kellogg's to be able to Q. Okay. 17 17 A. As one ingredient, yes. use it, Kellogg's had to be satisfied it passed the 18 18 Q. As one ingredient. And I think you referred -- I think Kellogg's test? 19 19 you indicated that gel strength would be critical in A. Uh-huh. Yes. 20 20 that process. Q. And then he goes on, a word of caution. If we are, 21 21 quote, bidding out, unquote, our egg business, it 22 22 Q. And if the gel strength wasn't sort of up to the should be remembered that there have been occasions in 23 standard, then the product wouldn't function the way it the past when egg white solids passed laboratory 24 needed to? testing but did not pass functionality testing on the 25 A. That's correct. bench or in the plant.

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

10 (Pages 34 to 37)

34 36 on the quality of its products, correct? A. Uh-huh. Q. What does that mean? A. I take that to mean that there may have been other test Q. And is it also the case that Kellogg's places a high results that would have been on a specification or on a value on the quality of the ingredients it uses? supplier's COA, Certificate of Analysis, that may have passed what we had as our spec. But if this type of Q. And the appropriateness and functionality of those test was not performed, then it may not pass our ingredients? functionality requirements. Q. And you had -- as the egg buyer, did you have Q. As the egg buyer, did you consider the egg white solids 10 10 experience where products supplied by particular egg of one supplier to be interchangeable with egg white 11 11 product suppliers did not pass Kellogg's tests? solids that would be offered by any other supplier? 12 12 A. Not to my recollection at the time of my tenure during A. I would only assume that if they had been tested by our 13 13 eggs 14 Q. Well, you see the next sentence says most noticeable is 14 Q. And if they hadn't been tested by your facility, you 15 15 the incident with Sonstegard egg white solids in August would not treat them as interchangeable? 16 16 2001. Do you see that? 17 17 Q. I want to look at Neal Exhibit 11. This is KEL00017906 A. I do. 18 18 to 17907. This is I think just a few days after the Q. Were you familiar with that incident? 19 19 A. No. I'm not. previous correspondence that we were looking at. The 20 20 Q. Well, were you -- you learned about the incident when previous correspondence I think was January 6th. This 21 21 correspondence is January 9th. you were an egg buyer, correct? 22 22 A. Uh-huh. 23 Q. What did you learn about that incident? 23 Q. And this is, I believe, three e-mails in the string. 24 A. I don't remember other than what I'm reading here. 24 The earliest of them apparently from Ronald McDermott. 25 25 Q. Was it your understanding based on what you were Who was Ronald McDermott at this time? 35 37 hearing from other people at Kellogg that the A. I believe he was the plant manager at that time. Sonstegard product had failed this gel strength test? Q. How does plant manager relate to the other people that A. That's what I infer from reading this e-mail. Yes. we were seeing in these e-mails? Q. And you see at the top of the page this is -- appears A. He would have been over all the entire operations of to be the final e-mail, this now from Trudy to you, the plant. Trudy Cravens, I don't remember exactly correct? what her role was at the plant at that time. Q. So Ron McDermott would have been sort of above Trudy A. Yes. Cravens in the hierarchy of those plants, the plants Q. And she writes -- and I'm -- you can always read any Zanesville and Worthington? portion that you want. I'm not necessarily going to 10 read every word. A. Yes. 11 11 Q. Okay. And in the e-mail that Mr. McDermott writes to Kurt raises an important point regarding 12 12 testing on the bench and in production before we accept you on Thursday, January 9th at 11:06 a.m. -- and 13 13 a bid on egg whites. For many of our products, the again, feel free to read all the document, even if I 14 14 functionality of the egg whites is critical to the just read selected portions. It says as you probably 15 15 texture of the product. Do you see that? know from Shashi or others, we had a major problem here 16 16 A. Yes, I do. with Sonstegard EWS. Would you read EWS as egg white 17 17 Q. Was that your understanding, that the functionality of 18 18 the egg whites was critical to the texture of the A. Yes, I would. 19 19 product? Q. And so, again, Mr. McDermott is telling you about the 20 20 Sonstegard problem that you identified before? A. Yes, it was. 21 21 Q. And was it also your understanding as the egg buyer A. Uh-huh. Yes. 22 22 that the testing that was done by Kellogg's was Q. In the following sentence, it says in the end, Shashi 23 critical to getting the right eggs? and Pat Mitchell told Sonstegard that they were going 24 back to MG Waldbaum/Wakefield, the sentence goes on. A. Yes. 25 Do you recognize who MG Waldbaum/Wakefield is? Q. Okay. And Kellogg's as a company placed a high value

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

11 (Pages 38 to 41)

| | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ |
|---|--|
| 38 | 40 |
| ¹ A. I'm familiar with them as a supplier. | Q. And other than that meeting for 45 minutes, did you do |
| Q. Do you know who if they are affiliated with anyone | anything else to prepare for your deposition? |
| all be year rates with a troy are animated with anyone | 3 A. No. |
| ⁴ A. I do not, no. | 4 Q. Did you review documents at that session? |
| 5 Q. You don't recognize any affiliation between MG Waldbaum | 5 A. We reviewed a couple documents, yes. |
| and any other company? | G. Do you have familiarity with the term reverse auction? |
| ⁷ A. No. | 7 A. Yes, I do. |
| | · · |
| Q. But your reading here and your understanding was that | Q. Okay. What is a reverse auction: |
| after the problems with the Sonstegard product, the | A. When you go out for a bid, so we put items out for |
| company decided to go back to another vehicli, | contract, and we a start with you could put in a |
| Wo Waldbaum to buy the egg write solids: | price, the top price you're willing to pay. And then |
| A. 165. | the suppliers would price below that and put in their |
| Q. And that was based on the characteristics, physical | bids if they chose to do so. |
| characteristics of the egg white solids, correct? | Q. Can you explain were reverse auctions used in |
| 15 A. Correct. | procurement of eggs? |
| Q. That the Sonstegard egg white solids did not perform | A. At that time, they were. It was something that we were |
| the way that the MG Waldbaum egg white solids | ¹⁷ trialing. |
| performed, correct? | ¹⁸ Q. I'm sorry. What was the word? |
| 19 A. Correct. | ¹⁹ A. Trialing, that we were looking at to see if it would |
| ²⁰ Q. And the decision to go from Sonstegard to MG Waldbaum | work. We picked a couple different categories that we |
| wasn't based on price, correct? | used the technology. |
| A. That would be correct from what I'm reading here. Yes. | Q. Can you explain a little bit more about the mechanics |
| ²³ Q. From the final paragraph I'm sorry. Second to last | of the reverse auction. |
| paragraph of Mr. McDermott's e-mail. I guess the main | A. Uh-huh. You would invite the suppliers to participate. |
| point for us is that with highly functional ingredients | We reviewed specifications and collected documentation |
| such as EWS with other proteins we need to be cautious. And then the paragraph goes on. What was your | beforehand. And then it was an auction. So there was a time period for the auction. They would log onto an |
| ³ understanding of what Mr. McDermott meant by that | internet site. They would have visibility to each |
| 4 sentence? | specification by number and the volume, and then they |
| ⁵ A. We just need to make sure that we have the right | 5 would be able to enter their pricing. It was a live |
| functionality in place when we're contracting for an | auction so suppliers would put their bids in, and the |
| ⁷ egg white solid. | screen would refresh so they could see what the latest |
| ⁸ Q. In other words, Kellogg's would need to make sure that | bid was. They had visibility to see what the lowest |
| it was not simply buying an egg white solid but buying | bid was. They knew what their bid was so they knew if |
| a particular egg white solid that would meet it's | they were lowest bid or not. And then for the period |
| needs, correct? | of time the auction was open, they had opportunity to |
| 12 A. Correct. | continue to bid as much as they wanted to during that |
| ¹³ Q. What did you do to prepare for your deposition today? | ¹³ period. |
| A. I had a discussion with these two folks a couple of | Q. So like a live auction, they anybody can decide |
| days ago at the office. | before the gavel comes down to make one more bid to |
| ¹⁶ Q. And these two folks would be Mr. Campbell and | sort of put themselves at the head of the line, |
| ¹⁷ Ms. Ansari? | 17 correct? |
| ¹⁸ A. Yes. | ¹⁸ A. Correct. |
| ¹⁹ Q. Not the court reporter and the videographer, you did | ¹⁹ Q. In this instance by offering a lower price than the |
| didn't talk to them before? | then lowest price, correct? |
| ²¹ A. No. | ²¹ A. Correct. |
| ²² Q. When was that, a couple days ago you said? | Q. And how often did you use this reverse auction process |
| ²³ A. Tuesday, I believe. | during the time you were an egg buyer? |
| ²⁴ Q. How long did you meet with them? | 24 A Twice that I remember |
| Q. How long did you meet with them? | A. Twice that I remember. |
| 25 A. For about 45 minutes. | A. Twice that I remember. 25 Q. And do you recall how much movement there was in the |

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

12 (Pages 42 to 45)

42 44 price from the sort of opening bid until sort of the trying to locate some documents. Neal Exhibit 27 is KEL 00006455. Do you final winning bid? A. I don't recall. recall -- this is an e-mail from a Bruce Pigsley to a Q. Are you able to estimate? group of people that includes you. Do you see that? A. No. Not without looking at documents. A. Yes, I do. Q. Did Kellogg's stay with this reverse auction method in Q. Okay. And who was Bruce Pigsley? egg buying after these -- I think you used the word A. Bruce Pigsley was part of the cost savings team, to the trial. After you conducted this trial? best of my recollection. A. No. Q. Okay. And the subject was financial review of 10 10 Q. Why not? replacement of egg with methocyl at Worthington. 11 11 A. I don't know exactly why not. We didn't use it in the 12 12 raw material team after that, after those two examples Q. Do you recall an initiative involving the replacement 13 13 that we did. of egg with methocyl at Worthington? 14 Q. In terms of a timeframe, when were reverse auctions in 14 15 15 Q. Okay. What is methocyl? use for egg buying? 16 16 A. Well, it would have been the bid that I did in 20 --A. Methocyl is short for methycellulose, and it's an 17 17 that was 2003. ingredient that has gelling properties. 18 18 Q. Uh-huh. Q. Okay. What is it made of? 19 19 A. That would have been the time. A. I'd have to -- I'd have to go look at a specification. 20 20 Q. And to your knowledge, by 2004 they weren't using them Q. It's not egg? 21 21 A. It's not egg, no. 22 A. Not for the raw material team. It could have been for 22 Q. And do you recall the background of this project? 23 packaging or indirect materials. 23 24 Q. But for eggs by 2004 they weren't doing reverse 24 Q. What was the background of this project? 25 auctions? A. There were opportunities for cost savings. There was 43 45 A. No. also a potential opportunity to make the -- our Q. Do you know how Kellogg's was soliciting bids for egg Worthington product vegan by removing the egg. purchase -- egg suppliers once it stopped using reverse Q. And what was the outcome of the project? A. I think we were -- at the very end of it, we were able A. No. It would have been, to my knowledge, just the to remove some of the egg. So we made a partial typical, you know, RFP, request for proposal. You replacement, but we did not do 100 percent replacement. would do -- send out Excel spreadsheet with volumes on Q. You reduced the amount of egg that was purchased or it. You would attach to that your specifications, the used in each unit of the product; is that correct? plants that it would be shipping to. And then you'd A. Yes, to the best of my recollection. Yes. request pricing to be entered into a model. Q. And the -- you say one of the motivations for the 11 11 Q. So you're just comparing various proposals as opposed replacement was to reduce the cost of producing the 12 12 to running this auction where companies are responding product? 13 13 A. Yes. to each other? 14 14 A. Correct. You'd have a deadline when pricing was due. Q. So this was a way of avoiding some of the costs of 15 15 purchasing egg? 16 16 MR. GREENE: Can I take a look at the packet. 17 17 Q. Do you know when the project was completed? MS. ANSARI: Uh-huh. 18 18 BY MR. GREENE: A. I don't recall, no. 19 Q. Can you take a look at Neal Exhibit 27. 19 MR. GREENE: Is exhibit --20 MR. GREENE: I think I need to look at this 20 MS_ANSARI: Which one? 21 21 MR. GREENE: The Second Amended Complaint, MS. ANSARI: That's okay. Exhibit 14. 23 BY MR. GREENE: MR. CAMPBELL: I have it, Bill. Q. Can I -- I need to have that one in front of me because MS. ANSARI: 22. it's in a different spot. I apologize, Ms. Tobey. I'm BY MR. GREENE:

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

13 (Pages 46 to 49)

48 46 Q. Could you look at Neal Exhibit 22. 20 producers. MS. ANSARI: Do you want it? A. Uh-huh. MR. GREENE: Yeah. Q. With layers in production and percent of layers in U.S. BY MR. GREENE: Do you see that? Q. This one I'm going to underscore the guidance that you A. Yes. can read whatever you want, but you're not required to Q. Which of these -- looking at these 20 producers, which of these companies made proposals to supply Kellogg's read the entire document. A. Thank you. with egg products during the period when you were egg Q. This is the -- Neal Exhibit 22 is a Second Amended buyer? 10 10 Complaint filed in the litigation, In re: Processed Egg A. I believe that Rose Acre did and then Michaels Foods. 11 11 Products Antitrust Litigation, of March 6, 2013. It's And I believe those are the only -- those are the only 12 12 a 98-page document. And I'll represent to you, and you 13 13 can see in the middle of the page, this is the Q. Okay. So you mentioned Michael Foods and Rose Acre. 14 complaint of the plaintiffs that include the Kellogg 14 A. Yes. 15 Company. Do you see that? Q. Just to be clear, did any of the other 18 producers 16 16 A. Yes. I do. listed in paragraph 105 make proposals to supply 17 17 Q. Have you seen this complaint before? Kellogg's with egg products? 18 A. Not during my tenure that I recollect. No. A. Just this morning --19 19 Q. Okay. Q. During your time as egg buyer, did you have any 20 20 A. -- briefly. communications with any of the other 18 companies 21 21 Q. The first time you saw the complaint? listed in the chart in paragraph 105? 22 22 23 Q. Okay. Had you seen any previous versions of the 23 Q. Did you think of any of those 18 companies as viable 24 complaints in this litigation? 24 candidates to supply Kellogg's with egg products? 25 25 A. No, I have not. 47 49 Q. Okay. When was the first time you learned about this MR. GREENE: Okay. Why don't we take a break. A. A couple of years ago to the best of my recollection. VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record at Q. Do you know if you heard or learned about the case 9:42 a.m. (Recess taken) before the lawsuit was filed? A. Not to my knowledge, no. VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record at Q. You believe you heard about it after it was filed? 9:47 a.m. BY MR. GREENE: A. Yes. Q. Ms. Tobey, I'd like you to look at Neal Exhibits 5 and Q. I'm going to direct your attention to --10 MR. CAMPBELL: 46, Bill. 4. I'll suggest you look at 5 first. And for the 11 11 BY MR. GREENE: record, while you're reading, Exhibit 5 is an e-mail 12 12 Q. -- page 46. Your clairvoyant counsel anticipated. from Kelly Tobey to Bob Kellert, Tuesday, 13 13 March, 11th, 2003. It's KEL00018543. And then there's Paragraph 105. 14 MS. ANSARI: Oh, here. an XLS page, second page, of 00018544. And Neal 15 15 Exhibit 4 is bates numbered KEL00021449 through 21461. BY MR. GREENE: 16 16 Q. And the document is two-sided so that can throw you Do you recognize Exhibit 5? 17 17 some. We're also going to be looking at page 47. In 18 18 Q. Okay. And who is Bob Kellert? the complaint, which again is a complaint filed by 19 19 A. Bob Kellert was my sales contact at Bender Goodman. He Kellogg and other plaintiffs, paragraph 105 says, as of 20 20 represented Michael Foods. 2010, the ten largest producers owned approximately 21 49 percent of the total industry layers. The top Q. Okay. And the e-mail in the first sentence indicates 22 22 20 egg producers owned approximately 55 percent of here is the sheet that details out your award by plant 23 laying hens. Do you see that? with a fixed price per pound. Do you see that? 24 A. Yes, I do. Q. And the document attached reflects the terms of a fixed Q. And then you see that there is a list of the top

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

14 (Pages 50 to 53)

50 52 price contract with Bender Goodman? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And so what is Neal Exhibit 4, the PowerPoint Q. And on the second page of Exhibit 5, on the right side presentation? A. It looks like it was a presentation -- it looks from are all the fixed prices; is that right? the context of the e-mail that there were -- we were Q. Okay. Okay. Looking now at Exhibit 4. What is under contract, and prices were escalating in the market. And we were reviewing potentially adjusting Exhibit 4, Neal Exhibit 4, I should say? A. It looks like a presentation dec that was put together the contract and taking pricing out for a longer length on the egg portfolio. of time. 10 10 Q. All right. Do you recognize the presentation? I can Q. Okay. So let's break that down a bit. It appears if 11 11 I'm looking at -- your e-mail is written at the end of represent -- I believe I can represent -- I've got to 12 12 look at my e-mail again. I believe that with the July, July 31st, correct? 13 13 production data that Kellogg sent over with the A. Right. Correct. 14 14 document, you were indicated as the custodian for the Q. And then I see some referencing in the PowerPoint 15 15 presentation, Neal Exhibit 4, to August of 2003. For document. 16 16 A. Okav. example, the third slide, 21451, egg whites update, it 17 17 Q. Is this a presentation that you did? says market has increased from \$1.67 a pound as of 18 18 A. I don't recall. But if you have that information, I'd January 10th, to \$3.75 a pound as of August 4th. Do 19 19 say that I probably was. you see that? 20 20 A. Correct. Yep. Q. Well, let me show you. 21 21 MR. GREENE: Let's mark this as Q. So is it -- is it fair to conclude that this 22 22 Tobey Exhibit 1. presentation was provided to management in August of 23 (Exhibit No. 1 marked) 23 24 BY MR. GREENE: 24 A. It's probably fair to conclude that. 25 Q. And Tobey Exhibit 1 is KEL00017963. Now, this is --Q. All right. You couldn't be providing market prices on 51 53 these are two e-mails written on July 31st, 2003; is August 4th unless it was already August, correct? that correct? Oh, I'm not connected? A. Correct. Yes. Q. In your previous response you observed that prices were Q. So I probably got cutoff with my microphone. These are escalating; is that correct? two e-mails written July 31, 2003, correct? Q. Okay. And you had entered into a contract with Bender Goodman in about March of 2003? Q. The first is from you to Christine Wentworth? Yes. Q. Correct. And that was a 12-month contract? Q. At that time Ms. Wentworth was your supervisor? Q. And then a reply e-mail from Ms. Wentworth to you; is Q. And so Bender Goodman was then obligated to provide you 12 12 that right? with the egg products indicated at the fixed price in 13 13 the contract, correct? 14 14 Q. Okay. And the subject is egg slides. And there is --A. Correct. 15 15 there is an attachment to the -- your original --Q. For an entire year? 16 16 A. Yes. there's an indication that there was an attachment to 17 17 your original e-mail to Ms. Wentworth. Q. And what you're seeing now in August is the price --18 18 A. Yes. the market prices for the products that Bender Goodman 19 19 Q. File 2004 risk.PPT. Do you see that? was obligated to provide were escalating above the 20 20 amounts in that original contract, correct? A. Yes. 21 Q. I don't believe that the attachment shows up in her 21 A. Correct. 22 reply the way Outlook works, but I'm not sure of that. Q. So with that as backdrop, what was the purpose of this 23 In any event, does Tobey Exhibit 1 refresh your recollection about the slide presentation that's marked A. You know, to the best of my recollection, I'd say it was -- we were looking at -- we were potentially then as Neal Exhibit 4?

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

15 (Pages 54 to 57)

| | 54 | 56 |
|----|---|--|
| 1 | contacted by the supplier, that they wanted some relief | ¹ A. Yes. |
| 2 | on the contract, and so we were looking at what they | ² Q. That was also your assessment? |
| 3 | had requested versus the contract period we had | ³ A. Yes. |
| 4 | coverage for with them and potentially extending that | Q. So in the next slide, you include at the top Kellogg |
| 5 | contract out further beyond what we had current | 5 consideration. So this was the proposal, correct? |
| 6 | coverage for. | 6 A. Yes. |
| 7 | Q. When you use the term coverage, what do you mean? | Q. Okay. And this next slide, I mean, 21456, the |
| 8 | A. I mean coverage as far as a fixed price contract | suggestion is offer Michael Foods some relief while |
| 9 | through a certain period of time. | 9 ensuring we deliver our 5 and 7 budget savings and |
| 10 | Q. So when you use the term coverage, it means fixed price | manage our risk for 2004. |
| 11 | contract? | ¹¹ A. Yes. |
| 12 | A. Yes. | ¹² Q. What does that mean? |
| 13 | Q. And when you get coverage out on a contract, six months | A. It means what we were putting together would meet |
| 14 | forward, a year forward, that gives Kellogg's | requirements for our budget. We would manage risk for |
| 15 | protection against rising prices, correct? | 2004 and give Michaels relief on the escalating market |
| 16 | A. Yes. | 16 for a period of time. |
| 17 | Q. And when you don't have coverage, then you have risk | ¹⁷ Q. So just so I understand, when we say relief, what do |
| 18 | associated with rising prices, correct? | 18 you mean by relief? |
| 19 | | |
| 20 | A. Yes. It could be the other way around. If it was a | A. By relief, riflean, that the price - the market price |
| 21 | deescalating market, we would be locked into a price | where it currently was versus what we agreed to pay on |
| 22 | higher than market. | our contract was significantly unferent. So we would |
| 23 | Q. But with coverage, you have a fixed price, correct? | we would decrease that range. |
| 24 | A. Yes. | Q. By Teller, fall to say that you would pay behale |
| 25 | Q. And you know what you're going to pay? | Obdanian more for the egg products withdrawn. |
| 25 | A. Know what we're going to pay. | There's a the Bender Goodman contract covered the |
| | 55 | 57 |
| 1 | Q. So in this instance you have coverage through early | period from early 2003 to early 2004? |
| 2 | 2004 at the fixed price, but you have no coverage for | ² A. Correct. |
| 3 | the remainder of 2004, correct? | ³ Q. And you had a contractural right to demand all the egg |
| 4 | A. Correct. | products under that contract under the original fixed |
| 5 | Q. Okay. I want to again, you can look at any portion | 5 prices, correct? |
| 6 | of a document you want. If you look at KEL00021455, | 6 A. That's correct. |
| 7 | you're explaining here that there's dried egg vendor | Q. When you talk about relief, you talk about offering to |
| 8 | issues, correct? | 8 pay more for the those egg products during that |
| 9 | A. Uh-huh. Yes. | contract period than the contracted price? |
| 10 | Q. And Michael Foods you write that Michael Foods owns | ¹⁰ A. Yes. As part of that relief. So that's specific to |
| 11 | 40 percent of the flock that supplies their eggs, and | that portion. But then the other adjustment would be |
| 12 | the remaining 60 percent is contracted out, correct? | we're looking out at the part of 2004 that we didn't |
| 13 | A. Yes. | have coverage and where we thought the market was going |
| 14 | Q. So you understand Michael Foods was buying a | to be. So you negotiate that price earlier, you know, |
| 15 | substantial volume of their eggs? | based on what our anticipation was of where market |
| 16 | A. Yes. | would go. So potentially offsetting some future cost |
| 17 | Q. And you note in the bullet second from the bottom, the | increase. |
| 18 | remaining volume owed to Kellogg's multiplied by | ¹⁸ Q. So there's a trade going on here? |
| 19 | today's market price will put Michael Foods at a | 19 A. Yes. |
| 20 | \$4,600,000 loss on our contract. Do you see that? | Q. You're saying to Bender Goodman and to Michael Foods |
| 21 | A. Yes. | we'll pay you more than we're obligated to pay you |
| 22 | | we ii pay you more than we're obligated to pay you |
| 23 | Q. And that was your assessment at the time?A. That was my assessment at the time. | during the contractural period early 2003 to early 2004. |
| 24 | Q. And you also write that the 4.6 million could easily | ²⁴ A. Yes. |
| 25 | | 25 Q. And in exchange for that, we will get a favorable |
| | exceed 6 million if prices continue to rise, correct? | . And in exchange for that, we will get a lavorable |
| | | |

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

16 (Pages 58 to 61)

60 58 contract that will extend coverage into 2004, the rest Q. And so, for example, in the next slide, 21459, where you write egg white offer slash risk, at the bottom of A. Correct. For some period, yeah. I don't know the the chart, it says Kellogg's price will remain at \$1 a exact period. But correct. pound under the market for all of 2004. And you point Q. Okay. In order to offer that kind of price relief, out the current contract allows for seven months of you'd be looking for a good contract for 2004, correct? risk in 2004, correct? A. Yes. A. Yes. Q. You were looking for some kind of trade off or Q. Okay. compensation for the price relief, right? A. Correct. 10 10 Q. So without a new contract, you're at risk for seven 11 11 Q. So the -- if we flip a couple more pages to 21458 -months in 2004, correct? 12 12 I'm sorry. Let's go to 21457. We'll look at both A. Correct. 13 13 21457 and 21458 because 21457 says potential Kellogg Q. But under this proposal, you get coverage, a fixed 14 offer 2003 and 21458 says potential Kellogg offer 2004. 14 price for the remainder of 2004, correct? 15 15 So they kind of go together as a set, don't they? A. Yes. 16 Q. Okay. And did Kellogg's go forward on this proposal? 17 17 Q. Okay. So the offer for 2003, 21457, is you say I have A. I honestly don't remember. 18 18 an offer that would increase Michael Foods contract by Q. Okay. 19 19 \$125,000 in 2003, correct? MR. CAMPBELL: Are you through with that 20 20 exhibit, Bill? 21 21 Q. You're saying you're going to pay \$125,000 more in 2003 MR. GREENE: I think so, yeah. 22 than they're entitled to receive under the contract? 22 MR. CAMPBELL: Do you need an exhibit? 23 23 A. Correct. MR. GREENE: I do, but I don't know if I 24 Q. And then if you go to 21458, you have the potential 24 marked it. Let's go off for just a moment. 25 25 Kellogg offer of 2004, correct? VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record at 59 61 A. Yes. 10:08 a.m. Q. Okay. And here you are proposing to start a new (Recess taken) 12-month contract January 1, 2004, on the egg whites. VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record at The new 12-month contract would bring your coverage out 10:10 a.m. into -- all the way through the end of 2004, correct? BY MR. GREENE: A. Correct. Q. I'm going to ask you to take a look at Neal Exhibit 6. Q. You didn't have that at the point -- at the time you're presenting this slide presentation you didn't have Q. I'll point out to you that Neal Exhibit 6, it doesn't coverage for the last -list you as a sender -- oh, I'm sorry. Neal Exhibit 6 10 A. Nine. on the front end you are the sender. From 11 Q. -- nine months or so of 2004? bobeggs@aol.com to Kelly Tobey. 12 12 A. Yeah. I was the receiver. Yep. 13 13 Q. But under this proposal you would have that coverage, a Q. You receive that, and then there was an attachment. I 14 14 fixed price contract for the remainder of 2004, meant the attachment didn't have you as a sender or 15 15 correct? receiver. So subsequent to your August 2003 slide 16 16 A. Correct. presentation, did you enter into further negotiations 17 17 Q. And you're proposing to offer a floor and ceiling on with Bender Goodman? 18 18 the market price such that Kellogg's price would remain A. Yes. 19 19 Q. Okay. And as a result of those negotiations, did you a dollar a pound below market, correct? 20 20 A. Correct. enter into an agreement to give Bender Goodman and 21 21 Q. And that would be a good deal for Kellogg's, correct? Michael Foods price relief from the contract -- fixed 22 price contract we looked at earlier? 23 23 Q. Because you can't go out to any supplier and say I want A. Yes. From looking at this, it looked like we did. 24 a dollar below the market, right? 25 A. Right. Q. And if you look at part of the second page of the

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

17 (Pages 62 to 65)

64 62 proposal -- I'm sorry. The second page of Exhibit 6, Q. Okay. What do you recall about those discussions? you agreed on a contract that would extend the whole A. I just recall that it was being mentioned. I believe egg supply through December 31st, 2004, correct? -- I'm not sure of the timeframe. But that it was an initiative somewhat driven by Wal-Mart. And that's A. Correct. Q. Okay. And it was at a fixed price of \$2.43 per pound really the extent of what I had heard about it. delivered with usual freight adjustments? Q. And who did you hear that from? A. I don't remember exactly. I would say it was Q. And that price was higher than the price that Bender information from suppliers. Goodman was entitled to under the contract executed in Q. And you don't recall which suppliers? 10 10 early 2003, correct? 11 11 A. I believe so. I'd have to go look at that. Q. Do you recall what they -- the suppliers who spoke to 12 12 you, do you recall what they said about Wal-Mart? Q. Why don't you go back and look. 13 13 A. Yes. A. I just remember the topic being about the size of space 14 Q. So you granted some price relief? 14 in the cage for the hens. 15 15 Q. Do you recall what -- sort of what Wal-Mart's place was A. Yes. 16 16 Q. And in exchange you got coverage through the remainder in that discussion? 17 17 of 2004, correct? A. They wanted more space for the hens. 18 18 Q. So you were hearing from suppliers that Wal-Mart wanted 19 19 Q. Now, by the time this contract expired in December of more space in the cage for the hens? 20 20 2004, this most recent contract, you were already done 21 21 with your position purchasing eggs, correct? Q. Okay. Do you recall anything else about animal welfare 22 22 during that period? 23 Q. Okay. So you didn't -- withdrawn. Did you negotiate 23 24 the next major egg products contract for Kellogg's? 24 Q. Do you recall a program called the UEP Certified 25 25 A. Not to my knowledge, no. Program? 63 65 Q. Do you know anything about the terms of later egg A. No. products contracts that were negotiated between Q. It doesn't ring any bell for you? Kellogg's and egg products suppliers? A. I mean, I know it's United Egg Producers. A. No, I don't. Q. Right. Q. During the period that you were purchasing egg products A. But beyond that, no. for Kellogg's -- and let's set up that period again. Q. But during the period when you were a buyer, you don't It's -- remind me start and finish dates. recall hearing anything about that program? A. 2002 -- probably late summer or early fall 2002 through early 2004. Q. Do you recall hearing anything about animal welfare 10 Q. Thank you. standards being implemented in -- among egg producers? 11 A. 2004. Yep. 12 12 Q. I know you testified to that before. MR. GREENE: Let's take a break. We're 13 13 almost done. I need to just dig through. I don't need 14 14 Q. Did you -- withdrawn. Were you aware of any policies to make her sit here while I dig through to look for a 15 15 at Kellogg's regarding animal welfare? 16 16 VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record at 17 17 Q. Do you recall any discussions within Kellogg's about 10:18 a.m. 18 18 animal welfare issues related to the treatment of layer (Recess taken) 19 19 VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record at hens? 20 20 A. No. 10:30 a.m. 21 Q. The topic never came up to your recollection? 21 BY MR. GREENE: 22 22 Q. We were talking about animal welfare before the break, 23 23 Q. Do you recall the topic coming up in discussions with Ms. Tobey. Can you look at Neal Exhibit 23. This is a any egg product suppliers? procurement overview 4/1/04, KEL00003178 through 3228. 25 And, again, this is one of those large documents where A. Yes.

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

18 (Pages 66 to 69)

68 66 I tell you you can read as much of it as you want. But hearing from market. I'm going to direct you to the page that ends 3209, Q. And his name, is it Jim Roestel? which is closer to the back. A. Roestel, R-O-E-S-T-E-L. Q. To your knowledge, did Mr. Reostel's responsibilities A. Okav. Q. Do you recognize this type of document, procurement include tracking developments in the -- among egg producers? A. No. A. Yes, I do. Q. And what is a procurement overview? Q. Now, looking at this line from slide 3209 in April of A. This would have been a document put out I believe it 2004, what did you mean when it says new flocks must be 10 given increased cage space per animal welfare was on a monthly basis, and it encompassed the whole 11 11 guidelines? raw material spend in departments. So it would give an 12 A. Would have been that any new birds in the cages had to update on coverage, where we had open and then how we 13 have -- there was increased space regulations. were doing against market. 14 14 Q. You became aware -- did you become aware of such Q. And before we said coverage. Where you had the fixed 15 15 increased space regulations at the time that you were price contracts in place? 16 an egg buyer? 16 A. Yes. So volumes. Yes. 17 17 A. Just to the knowledge that I shared in my earlier Q. And were you still involved in eggs in April 2004? 18 testimony, that I was aware that Wal-Mart -- it was 18 A. Yes. 19 19 something that they were pushing. Q. Okay. So as the person involved in egg buying, would 20 Q. And beyond Wal-Mart pushing it, were you aware of any you prepare the pages that would concern eggs? 21 actions that were taken either by any groups or 21 A. I would have given information to our risk management 22 governmental organizations to establish cage space per 22 team, and they put these decs together. 23 animal welfare guidelines? 23 Q. I want to just direct your attention toward the bottom 24 24 of the page where it says risks and opportunities to 25 So this doesn't refresh your recollection as to strategy. 67 69 anything beyond what you testified before about A. Uh-huh. Q. It says farmers holding onto older hens due to Wal-Mart? increased profits. Do you see that? A. No. MR. GREENE: Let's mark this as Tobey 2. Q. And then it says, new flock must be given increased (Exhibit No. 2 marked) cage space per animal welfare guidelines. Do you see BY MR. GREENE: Q. I'm showing you what's been marked as Tobey Exhibit 2, A. I do. KEL00021208 through 21254. The cover reads Q. Would you have been the person providing that proceedings, future trends in animal agriculture, information for this dec? standards for food animal production, status, A. I would have been the person giving some direction to wellbeing, and social responsibility, September 28 --12 12 this information. Yes. So this could have come from I'm sorry. September 18, 2002. With an address in 13 13 myself. It could have also come from our risk Washington, D.C. Do you see that? 14 14 management team. A. I do, yes. 15 15 Q. When you say the "risk management team," who are you Q. In September of 2002, were you the egg buyer at 16 16 Kellogg's? 17 17 A. There was a gentleman, Jim Roestel. 18 18 Q. And what would his -- what would his responsibilities Q. Okay. Did you attend what appears to be this program 19 19 in Washington, D.C., on future trends in animal 20 A. He was responsible mostly for the grains that we buy on 20 agriculture? 21 the Board of Trade. So to make recommendations on when 21 A. No, I did not. 22 we should lock in pricing and for how long. But he Q. Do you know whether anyone at Kellogg's attended this 23 also got involved in discussions on other categories. program? So we would very typically have discussions on here's A. No. what we're hearing from suppliers, here's what we're Q. It has a Kellogg's production stamp on it. So just

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

19 (Pages 70 to 73)

70 72 asking do you know how it is this particular document Q. But coverage can also mean under a contract it's just came to be in Kellogg's possession? an egg supplier's covering your needs for a certain A. I don't, no. point of time, correct? Q. Did you have any discussions with anybody about --A. Right. withdrawn. Since you left the position involving Q. And that could be at a fixed price, correct? purchasing egg products -- which you left in 2004, correct? Q. But it could also be at a fluctuating price? A. Correct. A. Yes. Q. Since that time, have you had any positions that have Q. So coverage means that a supplier is providing eggs 10 been involved in any way with egg products? that you need for a certain amount of time? 11 11 A. When I joined the quality team, Dan Bigelow was one of 12 12 my direct reports. So this would have been in 2012. Q. At whatever price? 13 13 And he had oversight from a quality perspective for A. Right. 14 eggs for a period of time. 14 Q. Do you recall Mr. Greene showing you an exhibit, the 15 15 Second Amended Complaint, correct? Q. He had responsibility related to eggs? 16 16 A. From a quality perspective. A. Yes. 17 Q. From a quality perspective? Q. Okay. And that listed 20 suppliers, correct? 18 A. From a quality perspective. A. Right. 19 19 Q. Did you deal with any issues relating to eggs during Q. And you recalled two suppliers, Rose Acre and Michael 20 20 that period? Foods, providing eggs to Kellogg, correct? 21 21 A. No. Not that I -- not that I recall. 22 Q. So even though it was in his area of responsibility, 22 Q. Okay. If any of the other 18 suppliers responded to an 23 23 you don't recall him bringing you any issues relating RFP, would you have considered those suppliers? 24 to eaas? 24 A. I would have, yes. 25 25 A. No. Q. Okay. Can you take a look at exhibit -- Neal Exhibit 71 73 11. Do you recall when Mr. Greene asked you the Q. Do you recall any discussions with anybody about animal welfare issues other than what you've already testified question about Kellogg's purchases of egg white solids being based on quality, not price? A. No. MR. GREENE: Okay. I don't have anything Q. Okay. If several suppliers could meet quality further at this time. standards, would price play into your decision making? MR. CAMPBELL: Do you need the documents? MS. ANSARI: Yes. I need Exhibit 10 or 11. Q. Can you turn to Neal Exhibit 4, please. MR. CAMPBELL: Do you have it there, Kelly? A. Yep. Q. Okay. And if you could turn to the page that ends MS. ANSARI: She has it, but I wanted to see 11 if we had it in front of us. Okay. Here's 10. I've bates No. 1458. It's titled Potential Kellogg Offer 12 12 got it. 2004. 13 13 **EXAMINATION** 14 14 BY MS. ANSARI: Q. Do you see where it says -- at the top of this page it 15 15 Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Tobey -- or good morning. I just says Potential Offer, Kellogg Offer 2004, correct? 16 16 have a couple questions for you, and then we can get 17 17 Q. Do you see the second bullet point states offer of out of here. 18 18 A. Okay. floor and ceiling on the market price. Kellogg's price 19 19 Q. A couple of times during your testimony -- Mr. Greene's will remain \$1 per pound below market. Do you see 20 20 questioning, he talked about the term coverage. Do you that? 21 21 remember that? 22 A. Yes. Q. Okay. Is the market price the same as Urner Barry 23 23 Q. And coverage -- he discussed that coverage meant a market pricing? 24 contract being at a fixed price, correct? 25 Q. So your potential Kellogg offer in 2004 would be based A. Yes.

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

20 (Pages 74 to 77)

74 76 on an Urner Barry market price minus \$1, correct? A. Yes, for whole eggs. Yes. Q. Okay. Ms. Ansari asked you about the 18 suppliers. Do A. Yes. Q. So the price would fluctuate? you recall that we showed you the Second Amended Complaint? There were 20 suppliers -- I'm sorry. A. Yes. That's true. Q. And it would not be a fixed price? There were 20 egg producers listed with the number of their layer hens, correct? A. Correct. Q. Okay. And this is for egg whites? A. Yes. A. This was for egg whites. Q. And you identified two that you had -- I believe had Q. Okay. If you could take a look at Exhibit 6, please. made proposals to supply Kellogg's with egg products, 10 10 Turn to the Exhibit 6. I'm going to direct your 11 11 attention to the second to last paragraph that starts A. Correct. 12 12 Q. Okay. And Ms. Ansari asked, I think, before in her with on -- and I'll read it. 13 13 It states on April 15th, 2004, the Urner questioning if any of them had come to you, you would 14 14 have considered a proposal or something along those Barry truckload average price per pound for dried egg 15 15 lines, correct? whites will be used to calculate thusly. If the Urner 16 Barry average price exceeds \$6.07 per pound, the A. Correct. 17 17 Q. Do you know if any of those 18 companies were capable difference above that amount will be divided in half 18 18 and added to the selling price. Do you see where it of producing egg products? 19 19 says that? A. No. 20 20 A. Yes, I do. Q. So as you sit here today, you don't know whether any of 21 21 Q. So for dried egg whites, the price would be based on those 18 companies even produced egg products? 22 22 Urner Barry, correct? 23 23 A. Correct. Q. Okay. 24 Q. And it would fluctuate? 24 MR. GREENE: Now we do need to go off because 25 25 A. Yes. you need to show me. 75 77 VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record at Q. So it would not be fixed? A. Correct. 10:47 a.m. MS. ANSARI: I have no further questions. (Recess taken) MR. GREENE: Okay. I have some followup. VIDEOGRAPHER: We are back on the record at **FURTHER EXAMINATION** 10:50 a.m. BY MR. GREENE: BY MR. GREENE: Q. Ms. Tobey, do you recall this morning I asked you about Q. If you could, take a look at Exhibit 6 again. Ms. Ansari was just questioning you about it. coverage in the context of the Bender Goodman contract? 10 10 Q. And I think you told me one of the reasons Kellogg's Q. Just to be clear, the contract that you entered with 11 Bender Goodman in early 2004, the price of whole eggs wants to get coverage is to protect itself against 12 12 was to be fixed for the remainder of the year, correct? future risk, correct? 13 13 A. Correct. A. That's true, yes. 14 14 Q. Okay. And you were coming off of a fixed price Q. Getting coverage is a way to reduce or eliminate risk, 15 15 contract with Bender Goodman from early 2003 to early correct? 16 16 2004, correct? A. Yes. 17 17 Q. Okay. And this morning when I asked you when you use 18 18 Q. And we had looked at the document where there was a the term coverage, what do you mean, you said I mean, 19 19 long list of fixed prices that Bender Goodman was coverage as far as a fixed price contract through a 20 20 offering, correct? certain period of time. Do you recall that? 21 21 A. Correct. 22 22 Q. Okay. And when you sign the new contract that Q. And I asked you, so when you use the term coverage, it summarized in Neal Exhibit 6 as to whole eggs, you, means fixed price contract. And you said yes. Do you again, fixed the price for the remainder of the year, recall that? 25 correct? A. Yes.

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

21 (Pages 78 to 81)

78 80 Q. And is that still your testimony? market. So that would be fluctuated pricing. But we A. Coverage can mean fixed price. Coverage could also be had a contract which could be characterized as coverage volume over a period of time for a price that moves for a period of time. But we had an agreement that within a window, because I would consider coverage in within that contract, price would fluctuate at a the document you showed me where we had a price window certain interval. Q. Okay. Were there contracts you entered into where on Urner Barry and that price would fluctuate. That's there was some kind of index mechanism but also a coverage as well for our volume, but not at a fixed ceiling? Q. So are you changing your testimony from the testimony A. Yes. 10 Q. So even the market mechanism could bring the price up 11 to a certain level. But once the market went higher, A. Yes. 12 12 the price would be set at the ceiling, correct? Q. Okay. Now, one of the -- if one of the goals of 13 A. Correct. coverage is eliminating risk, one of the risks that 14 Q. Even though there's a market mechanism there, that kind you're attempting to eliminate is the risk that the 15 15 of contract would at least protect you against rising market is going to escalate, correct? 16 16 prices above the ceiling, correct? A. That's correct. But it could also be eliminating risk 17 17 A. Right. And we had the one with the ceiling. But we or understanding what we're -- what pricing we're going 18 18 to take on or what level we're willing to have for also had when it went above that, we split the 19 difference. So the ceiling wasn't the absolute top. risk. And remember, I also stated that you could be in 20 Q. And then when you -- when you split the difference, a deescalating market. 21 then that reduces the impact of the higher market price Q. Right. So if you have a contract that is tied to Urner 22 on Kellogg's as compared to bearing the whole market 22 Barry prices, then Kellogg's is -- would be at risk for 23 paying more money for its eggs as the Urner Barry 24 24 market went up, correct? Q. Let me rephrase the last question because I'm not sure A. That's correct. 81 -- even though you answered it, I'm not sure how clear Q. Okay. And one of the things that Kellogg's was looking to do when it tried to secure coverage was to eliminate that very risk, correct? When you have a mechanism -- pricing mechanism where the buyer and seller split any increase Q. Okay. And so when you used the term coverage, you were in the market index above a particular ceiling, then the buyer and seller are sharing the risk of price talking about ways to avoid the risks associated with a increases above the ceiling, correct? rising Urner Barry market, correct? MS. ANSARI: Objection. Mischaracterizes her A. Correct. Q. And by sharing it, at least Kellogg's reduces some of testimony. 10 BY MR. GREENE: the risk, correct? 11 Q. Is that correct? A. Correct. 12 12 A. Coverage can mean different things. So I'd say Q. During the breaks did you discuss your testimony at all 13 13 coverage could be fixed price for a period of time. It with Counsel? 14 14 can be a volume contract that you're going to deliver A. No. 15 15 X amount of volume or that volume goes up or down. You MR. GREENE: I have nothing further. 16 16 have to deliver all the volume we require within a MR. CAMPBELL: I get to ask my questions now. 17 17 certain price fluctuation. So it can be -- it can be MR. GREENE: Okay. 18 18 either wav. MS. ANSARI: We have nothing 19 19 MR. CAMPBELL: Thanks. We have nothing. Q. When you say "within a certain price fluctuation," would that include a ceiling? 20 MS. ANSARI: Nothing further. 21 21 MR. CAMPBELL: We have no further questions. A. It could, yes. 22 22 Q. And when you have a ceiling, you may have an index We will not waive signature. We will -- thanks, Mark. price subject to a ceiling, correct? We will read and sign. A. We may. We also had whole egg liquid egg prices that VIDEOGRAPHER: All right. This concludes the were recalculated every three months based on the deposition. We're going off the record at 10:57 a.m.

Tobey, Kelly J.

March 20, 2014

22 (Pages 82 to 84)

| 82 | 84 |
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| 1 (Deposition concluded at 10:57 a.m.) 2 | CERTIFICATE OF NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF MICHIGAN) COUNTY OF MACOMB) I, Trisha N. Cameron, Certified Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of Michigan, do hereby certify that the witness whose attached deposition was taken before me in the above cause was first duly sworn or affirmed to testify to the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth; that the testimony contained herein was by me reduced to writing in the presence of the witness by means of Stenography; afterwards transcribed by means of computer-aided transcription; and that the deposition is a true and complete transcript of the testimony given by the witness to the best of my ability. I further certify I am not connected by blood or marriage with any of the parties, their attorneys or agents; that I am not an employee of either of them; and that I am not interested directly, indirectly, or financially in the matter of controversy. Trisha N. Cameron, RPR, CSR-6175 Notary Public, Macomb County, Michigan My Commission Expires 5-24-18 |
| ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF DEPONENT 1 | |

Henderson Legal Services, Inc.